

# Mechanochemical Syntheses of Nicorandil Cocrystals and Characterization by $^{14}\text{N}$ SSNMR

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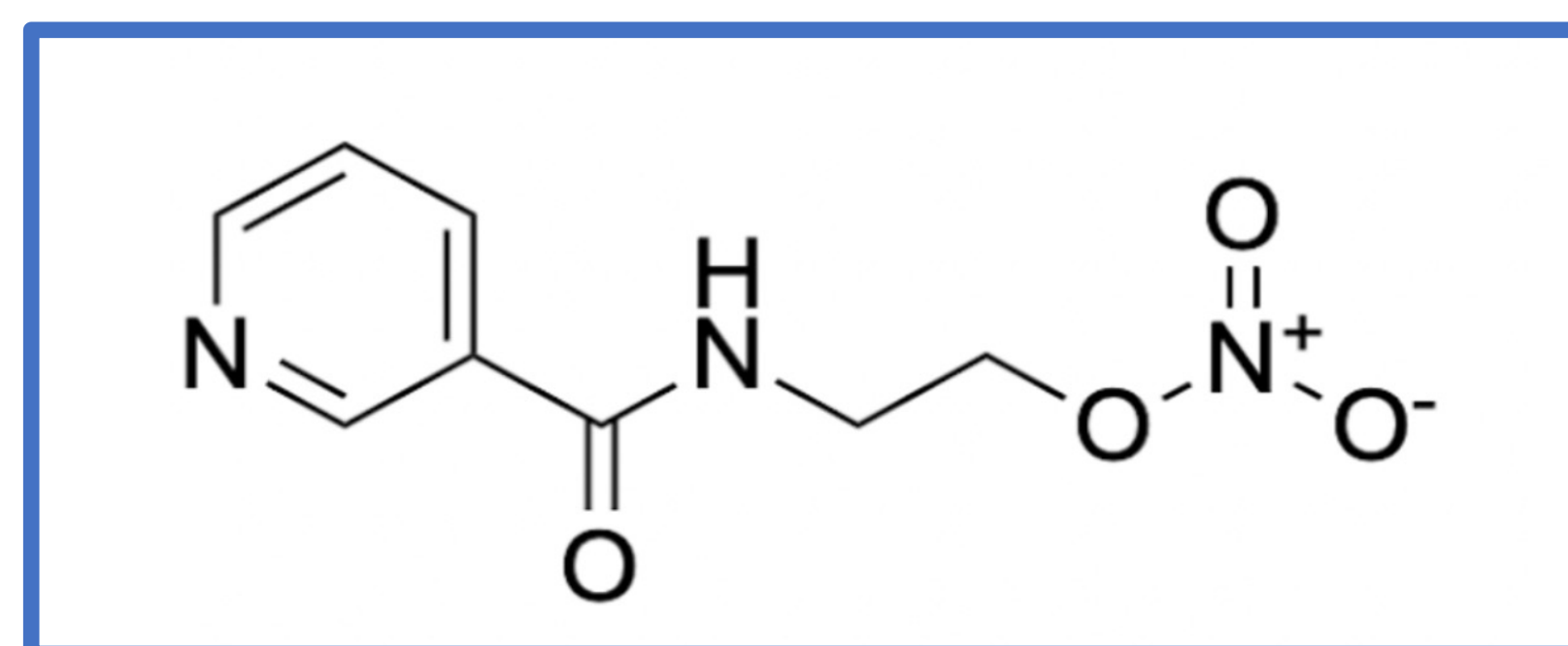
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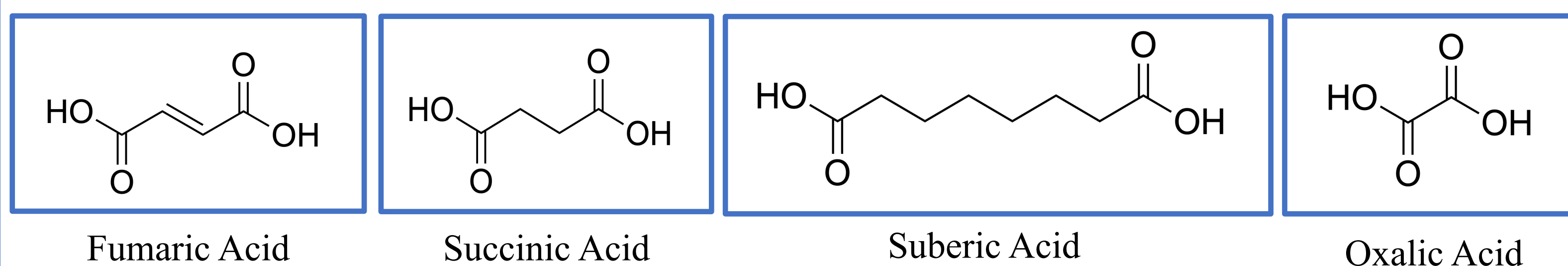


## Introduction

- Previous research identified four cocrystals of nicorandil (Ncr), with dicarboxylic acids: oxalic acid (Oxa), fumaric acid (Fum), succinic acid (Suc), and suberic acid (Sub).<sup>1-2</sup>
- Nicorandil ( $\text{C}_8\text{H}_9\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$ ) is a drug used to treat angina pectoris.



Nicorandil



Fumaric Acid

Succinic Acid

Suberic Acid

Oxalic Acid

## Methods

- Nicorandil was ball milled with different dicarboxylic acids in stoichiometric molar ratios (*e.g.*, 1:1, 1:2, *etc.*), using a small amount of solvent (*i.e.* 20  $\mu\text{L}$ ) to facilitate the reaction (*i.e.*, liquid assisted grinding or LAG).<sup>3-5</sup>
- Resulting microcrystalline powders were collected and analyzed using powder X-ray diffraction (PXRD) to confirm cocrystal formation.
- Samples that were identified as API cocrystals were characterized using  $^{14}\text{N}$  SSNMR experiments at the National High Field Magnetic Laboratory.<sup>6</sup>



Retsch Mixer Mill MM 500 Vario

## Objectives

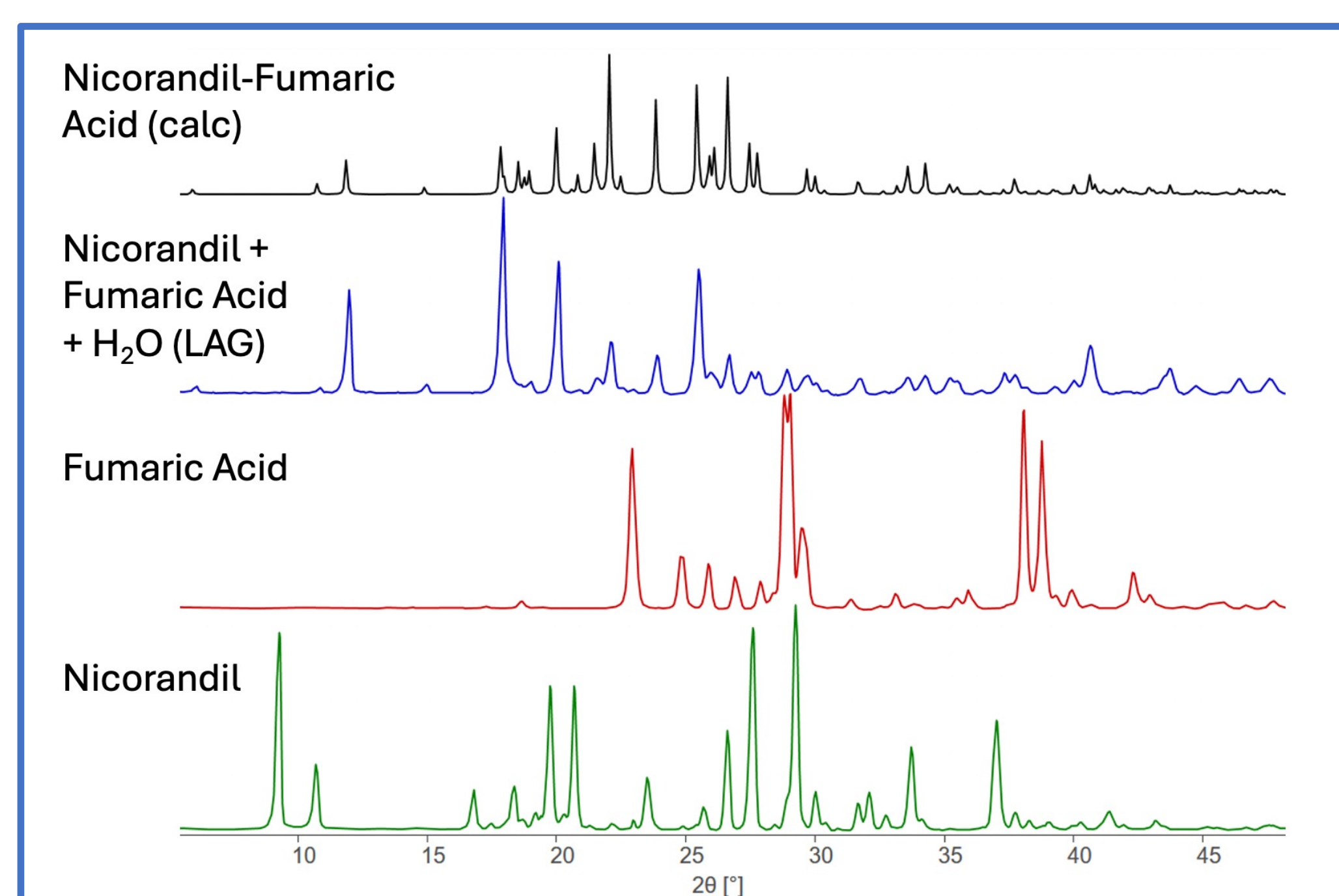
- To investigate if nicorandil cocrystals can be made in high yields and purity using mechanochemical synthesis.
- To characterize the cocrystals with PXRD and solid-state nuclear magnetic resonance (SSNMR) techniques.
- To expand these methods to the synthesis of cocrystals covering a wider range of APIs and coformers.

## Mechanochemical Synthesis

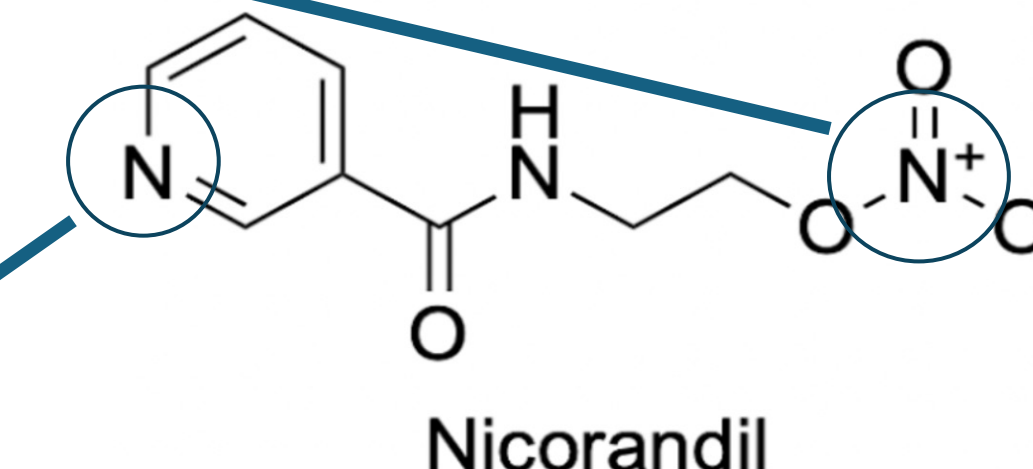
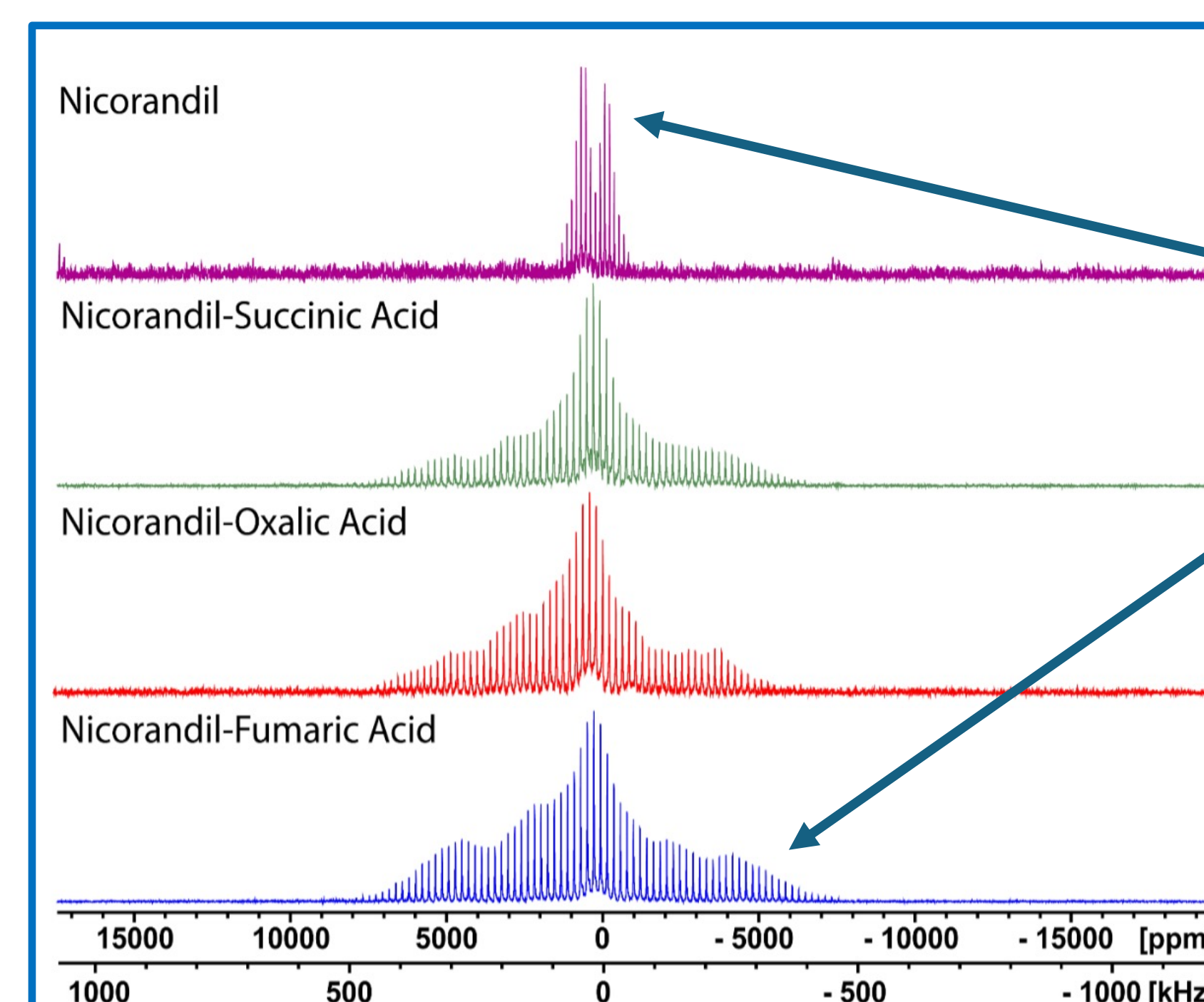


- Mechanochemistry is a beneficial method for synthesizing cocrystals.<sup>7</sup>
- It can be easily upscaled for manufacturing of pharmaceuticals and is more efficient than alternative slow evaporation methods, which can take days or weeks whereas milling takes minutes.
- Cocrystal synthetic parameters:
  - Teflon milling jars
  - 1 Teflon 12 mm ball bearing
  - Reactants placed in jars with 20  $\mu\text{L}$  of each solvent
  - Milled at 35 Hz for 30 min for NcrOxa, NcrFum, & NcrSuc
  - Milled at 30 Hz for 30 min for Ncr<sub>2</sub>Sub

## PXRD and $^{14}\text{N}$ SSNMR Results



Rigaku MiniFlex



The pyridine forms a hydrogen bond with the acidic proton of the coformer, resulting in a narrower  $^{14}\text{N}$  powder pattern that can be easily acquired.

## Conclusions

- Four reported cocrystals, NcrOxa (1:1), NcrFum (1:1), NcrSuc (1:1), Ncr<sub>2</sub>Sub (2:1) were synthesized with mechanochemistry.
- A hemihydrate salt (NcrH:Ncr:NO<sub>3</sub>) was also formed with nicorandil and HNO<sub>3</sub>.

## Future Directions

- Try to synthesize other cocrystals of APIs using mechanochemistry.
- Further explore the utility of  $^{13}\text{C}$ ,  $^{14}\text{N}$ ,  $^{15}\text{N}$ , and  $^{17}\text{O}$  SSNMR for other solid forms of other APIs.

## References and Acknowledgements

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