

The Relationship Between Conceptual Knowledge and Type of Algebraic Errors Made Haylie Smith, Qiushan Liu, and Dr. David Braithwaite

Introduction

- Many students struggle with algebra which is necessary for higher math.
- Conceptual understanding has been linked to procedural skill (*Rittle-Johnson et al. 2001*).
- Relationship between conceptual knowledge and the type of errors made has not been thoroughly investigated.
- Hypothesis: Students with greater conceptual knowledge will make less conceptual and procedural errors.

References

• Rittle-Johnson, B., Siegler, R. S., & Alibali, M. W. (2001). Developing conceptual understanding and procedural skill in mathematics: An iterative process. Journal of Educational Psychology, 93(2), 346–362. doi: 10.1037//0022-0663.93.2.346

Methods

- Subjects: 15 high school students in grades 9 through
- Measures:

1. Conceptual knowledge task: 17 questions assessing understanding of algebraic properties. Accuracy on this task was used as an indicator of

conceptual knowledge.

2. Strategy selection task: Algebraic problems. Errors coded as conceptual or procedural (Figure 1).

Figure 1. Examples of Conceptual and Procedural Errors

Conceptual Error Example	P
Distributive Property Error:	W
10(x+5) = 60	15
10x + 5 = 60	
10(x + 5) = 60 10x + 5 = 60	

Results

Table 1. Pearson Correlation between Conceptual Knowledge, Procedural Error, and Conceptual Error

	1.	
1. Conceptual Knowledge	_	
2. Procedural Error	44	
3. Conceptual Error	39	
<i>Note:</i> * indicates a significance level of <i>p</i> <.05		

rocedural Error Example

'hole Number Error: 5 - 2 = 14

3. .97*

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Discussion

• Conceptual and procedural errors were highly correlated. • Students lacking procedural skills may possess lower conceptual understanding.

• The correlations between conceptual knowledge and the errors are insignificant likely due to low number of participants. • Recruit more participants to test the hypothesis. • Study is ongoing.

• Results have potential educational applications • Provides insight into students' problem-solving behavior.